- (v) PDA means the Prescription Drug Amendments of 1992.
- (w) *PDMA* means the Prescription Drug Marketing Act of 1987.
- (x) *Person* includes any individual, partnership, corporation, or association.
- (y) Prescription drug means any drug (including any biological product, except for blood and blood components intended for transfusion or biological products that are also medical devices) required by Federal law (including Federal regulation) to be dispensed only by a prescription, including finished dosage forms and bulk drug substances subject to section 503(b) of the act.
- (z) Representative means an employee or agent of a drug manufacturer or distributor who promotes the sale of prescription drugs to licensed practitioners and who may solicit or receive written requests for the delivery of drug samples. A detailer is a representative.
- (aa) Sample unit means a packet, card, blister pack, bottle, container, or other single package comprised of one or more dosage units of a prescription drug sample, intended by the manufacturer or distributor to be provided by a licensed practitioner to a patient in an unbroken or unopened condition.
- (bb) *Unauthorized distributor* means a distributor who does not have an ongoing relationship with a manufacturer to sell or distribute its products.
- (cc) Wholesale distribution means distribution of prescription drugs to persons other than a consumer or patient, but does not include:
 - (1) Intracompany sales;
- (2) The purchase or other acquisition by a hospital or other health care entity that is a member of a group purchasing organization of a drug for its own use from the group purchasing organization or from other hospitals or health care entities that are members of such organizations;
- (3) The sale, purchase, or trade of a drug or an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a drug by a charitable organization to a nonprofit affiliate of the organization to the extent otherwise permitted by law:
- (4) The sale, purchase, or trade of a drug or an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a drug among hospitals or other

- health care entities that are under common control;
- (5) The sale, purchase, or trade of a drug or an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a drug for emergency medical reasons:
- (6) The sale, purchase, or trade of a drug, an offer to sell, purchase, or trade a drug, or the dispensing of a drug under a prescription executed in accordance with section 503(b) of the act;
- (7) The distribution of drug samples by manufacturers' and authorized distributors' representatives;
- (8) The sale, purchase, or trade of blood or blood components intended for transfusion:
- (9) Drug returns, when conducted by a hospital, health care entity, or charitable institution in accordance with §203.23; or
- (10) The sale of minimal quantities of drugs by retail pharmacies to licensed practitioners for office use.
- (dd) Wholesale distributor means any person engaged in wholesale distribution of prescription drugs, including, but not limited to, manufacturers; repackers; own-label distributors; private-label distributors; jobbers; brokers; warehouses, including manufacturers' and distributors' warehouses, chain drug warehouses, and wholesale drug warehouses; independent wholesale drug traders; and retail pharmacies that conduct wholesale distributions.

[64 FR 67756, Dec. 3, 1999, as amended at 73 FR 59500, Oct. 9, 2008]

Subpart B—Reimportation

§ 203.10 Restrictions on reimportation.

No prescription drug or drug composed wholly or partly of insulin that was manufactured in a State and exported from the United States may be reimported by anyone other than its manufacturer, except that FDA may grant permission to a person other than the manufacturer to reimport a prescription drug or insulin-containing drug if it determines that such reimportation is required for emergency medical care.